SIX MILE REGIONAL LIBRARY DISTRICT MADISON COUNTY, ILL INOIS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Six Mile Regional Library District Madison County, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Six Mile Regional Library District (the District), Madison County, Illinois, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified and qualified audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund of The Six Mile Regional Library District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and the IMRF pension information, presented in Schedules A through E, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Alton, Illinois

December 28, 2020

Schiffel Bufa

SIX MILE REGIONAL LIBRARY DISTRICT MADISON COUNTY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

		vernmental Activities
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
ASSETS:		
Cash	\$	1,084,451
Property Taxes Receivable		1,951,784
Prepaid Expenses		11,767
Restricted Assets - Cash		25,000
Capital Assets - Nondepreciable		141,000
Capital Assets - Depreciable, Net of		
Accumulated Depreciation		4,114,631
Total Assets		7,328,633
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Related to Defined Benefit Plan - IMRF		617,557
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		617,557
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		7,946,190
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET I	POSIT	ION
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts Payable		31,889
Accrued Payroll		30,486
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt		77,542
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net Pension Liability - IMRF		254,858
Accumulated Compensated Absences		90,917
Bonds Payable, Net of Current Portion		1,122,601
Total Liabilities		1,608,293
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred Property Taxes		2,037,571
Related to Defined Benefit Plan - IMRF		639,779
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,677,350
NET POSITION:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,055,488
Restricted - Expendable		,,
Retirement		125,282
Audit		9,395
Building and Equipment		508,513
Liability Insurance		154,536
Restricted - Nonexpendable		·
Prepaid Expenses		11,767
Permanent Endowment		25,000
Unrestricted		(229,434)
TOTAL NET POSITION		3,660,547
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,		-
AND NET POSITION	\$	7,946,190

SIX MILE REGIONAL LIBRARY DISTRICT MADISON COUNTY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Change in Net Position Primary Government Program Revenues Operating Grants and Capital Governmental Charges for Activities Services Contributions Grants Expenses FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental Activities Cultural and Recreation \$ 2,313,484 \$ 19,117 \$ 54,696 \$ 11,041 \$ (2,228,630)Interest 36,636 (36,636)Total Governmental Activities 2,350,120 19,117 54,696 11,041 (2,265,266)TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT \$ 2,350,120 19,117 54,696 11,041 (2,265,266)General Revenues: Property Taxes 2,050,292 119,353 Payment in Lieu of Taxes Interest Income 10,591 Memorials/Donations Not Restricted 3,808 to Specific Programs Other Library Revenues 3,414 Miscellaneous 5,342 Contributions to Permanent Funds 25,000 2,217,800 Total General Revenues, Contributions, and Loss Change in Net Position (47,466)NET POSITION - BEGINNING, AS PREVIOUSLY 3,245,941 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT 462,072 NET POSITION - BEGINNING, RESTATED 3,708,013 **NET POSITION - ENDING** \$ 3,660,547

SIX MILE REGIONAL LIBRARY DISTRICT MADISON COUNTY, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		Special Revenue Fund		Permanent Fund		
				Helen R.		Total
	General	R	etirement	Kuenstler		Governmental
	Fund		Fund		Fund	Funds
ASSETS:						
Cash	\$ 1,084,451			•		\$ 1,084,451
Restricted Cash	1 505 004	Ф	222 000	\$	25,000	25,000
Property Taxes Receivable	1,727,894	\$	223,890			1,951,784
Prepaid Expenses	11,767		125 102			11,767
Due From Other Funds	2 924 112		135,123		25.000	135,123
Total Assets	2,824,112		359,013		25,000	3,208,125
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts Payable	31,889					31,889
Accrued Payroll	30,486					30,486
Due to Other Funds	135,123					135,123
Total Liabilities	197,498					197,498
	151,150					
DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES:						
Unavailable Revenue						
Property Taxes	1,803,840		233,731			2,037,571
FUND BALANCE:	11.565				25.000	24.54
Nonspendable	11,767		105.000		25,000	36,767
Restricted	672,444		125,282			797,726
Unassigned	138,563		105.000		05.000	138,563
Total Fund Balance	822,774		125,282		25,000	973,056
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED						
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
AND FUND BALANCE	¢ 2 024 112	o	250.012	ø	25 000	¢ 2 200 125
AND FUND DALAINCE	\$ 2,824,112	\$	359,013	\$	25,000	\$ 3,208,125

SIX MILE REGIONAL LIBRARY DISTRICT MADISON COUNTY, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

TOTAL FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (EXHIBIT "C") Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	\$ 973,056
Capital assets of \$6,613,336, net of accumulated depreciation of \$2,357,705 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	4,255,631
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds (see Note 5).	(1,291,060)
Some liabilities, including net pension liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net pension liability - IMRF	(254,858)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to defined benefit pension are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(22,222)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (EXHIBIT "A")	\$ 3,660,547

SIX MILE REGIONAL LIBRARY DISTRICT MADISON COUNTY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Special	•	
		Revenue	Permanent	
		Fund	Fund	
			Helen R.	Total
	General	Retirement	Kuenstler	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
REVENUES:				
Taxes				
Property	\$ 1,820,594	\$ 229,698		\$ 2,050,292
Intergovernmental Receipts				
State/Local Grant Income	65,737			65,737
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	119,353			119,353
Library Fees	5,537			5,537
Photocopies	12,078			12,078
Interest Income	10,587	4		10,591
Miscellaneous	5,342			5,342
Other Library Revenues	4,916			4,916
Memorials/Donations	3,808		\$ 25,000	28,808
Total Revenues	2,047,952	229,702	25,000	2,302,654
EXPENDITURES:				
Current				
Cultural and Recreation	1,703,717	194,531		1,898,248
Debt Service	111,856	•		111,856
Capital Outlay	112,425			112,425
Total Expenditures	1,927,998	194,531	_	2,122,529
Net Change in Fund Balance	119,954	35,171	25,000	180,125
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	702,820	90,111		792,931
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 822,774	\$ 125,282	\$ 25,000	\$ 973,056

SIX MILE REGIONAL LIBRARY DISTRICT MADISON COUNTY, ILLINOIS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (EXHIBIT "E") Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	\$ 180,125
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities. This is the amount of capital outlays in the current period.	112,425
Governmental funds report district defined benefit pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of defined benefit pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	(18,234)
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Depreciation expense	(374,108)
The repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure when due in the governmental funds but as a reduction of principal outstanding in the statement of activities.	75,220
The changes in compensated absences provide or use current financial resources in the governmental funds but the change increases or decreases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	 (22,894)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (EXHIBIT "B")	\$ (47,466)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Six Mile Regional Library District (District) are prepared in accordance with U. S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is a municipal corporation governed by an elected eight-member District Board of Trustees. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the District (the primary government).

The District has developed criteria to determine whether outside agencies with activities that benefit the District should be included within its financial reporting entity. The criteria for including organizations within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" and updated in GASB Statement No. 61, is financial accountability. Financial accountability is defined as either 1) appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either the ability to impose will by the primary government or the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government or 2) the component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government and there are potential financial benefits or burdens on the primary government. Based on these criteria, there are no component units in the reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report financial information for the District as a whole excluding fiduciary activities of the District. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers. The District has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include:

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (cont'd)

1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) operating grants and standard revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for nonmajor funds in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's main operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Retirement Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the financial transactions involving retirement obligations of the District.

The Helen R. Kuenstler Fund is a permanent fund used to account for the permanent endowment and related investment income of the fund.

The District has no business-type activities.

C. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), the

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

C. Fund Accounting (cont'd)

servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds) and the holding of resources that cannot be expended (permanent funds). The General Fund, the main operating fund of the District, is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the government (internal service funds). The District has no proprietary funds.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the government. The District has no fiduciary funds.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenses and deductions are reported when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considered revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (cont'd)

fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports unavailable revenue on its financial statements. Unavailable revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unavailable revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unavailable revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

E. Cash and Investments

Cash

The District's cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition, and deposits in public treasurer's investment pools which are recorded at original cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value.

Investments

United States government securities are recorded at cost and adjusted by amortization of discount or premium. Time deposits and other deposits with financial institutions which are recorded at original cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. As of June 30, 2020, the District held \$25,000 for future investment but had not yet formally been invested. This has been presented as restricted cash on the Statement of Net Position. This money will be part of an investment in the next fiscal year. The District did not hold any other items classified as investments.

F. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of a fiscal year are referred to as due to and from other funds.

Property taxes are levied each year by the last Tuesday of December on all real property located in the District. The District levied its property taxes on November 12, 2019 based upon the assessed valuation as of the previous January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The Madison County Assessor is responsible for the taxes assessed.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

F. Receivables and Payables (cont'd)

The values are adjusted by various percentages depending upon the type of property (residential, commercial, etc.). The assessed values are equalized by the Illinois Department of Revenue to ensure uniformity of property assessments throughout the State. The County Clerk computes the annual tax rate by dividing the levy into the equalized value of each taxing unit. The Clerk then computes the tax for each parcel by multiplying the aggregate rates of all the taxing units having jurisdiction over the parcel by the equalized value. The tax amounts by parcel are forwarded to the County Collector.

Property taxes are collected by the County Collector who remits to the taxing units their respective shares of the collection. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in installments during the following year. The installments are generally due between June and December, and are considered delinquent after the due dates. The District receives a substantial portion of these taxes from July through December. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1.

For governmental funds, only property taxes which are intended to finance the current fiscal year and collected within 60 days subsequent to year-end are recorded as revenue. Property taxes for 2019 are recorded as a receivable. Property tax revenue in these financial statements is from the 2018 levy.

G. Prepaid Items/Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The District has set a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for fixed assets.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

H. Capital Assets (cont'd)

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Machinery and Equipment	5-15 Years
Buildings	50-100 Years
Building Improvements	10-20 Years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5-10 Years
Collections	10 Years

I. Accumulated Compensated Absences

In the fund financial statements, vested or accumulated vacation and/or sick pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Vested or accumulated vacation and/or sick pay in the government-wide financial statements is recorded as an expense and a liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

J. Long-Term Obligations

In government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities' financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

K. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position - Governmental Activities

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2020, the fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District had a nonspendable fund balance of 11,767 in the general fund consisting of prepaid expenses. The District also had a nonspendable fund balance of 25,000 in the permanent fund consisting of a permanent endowment. The District's total nonspendable fund balance was 36,767 as of June 30, 2020.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments. The District had a restricted fund balance of \$672,444 in the general fund consisting of \$508,513 for building and equipment, \$154,536 for liability insurance, and \$9,395 for audit. The District also had a restricted fund balance of \$125,282 in the retirement fund. The District's total restricted fund balance was \$797,726 as of June 30, 2020.

Committed - consists of fund balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action by the District's Board of Trustees, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The District has no committed fund balance as of June 30, 2020.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

K. Net Position/Fund Balances (cont'd)

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (cont'd)

Assigned - consists of fund balances that are intended to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the District's Board of Trustees. The District has no assigned fund balance as of June 30, 2020.

Unassigned - fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the fund. The District's unassigned fund balance was \$138,563, within the General Fund as of June 30, 2020.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then committed, assigned and unassigned, in order as needed.

L. Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

M. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District is authorized by state statute to make deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the United States of America, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreement to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois Funds Investment Pool. The District does not enter into any reverse repurchase agreements.

Investments made by the District, in addition to certificates of deposit, which are collateralized below, consist of participation in the "Illinois Fund," a local government public treasurers' investment pool. This is an investment that is not subject to risk categorization. Investments are stated at fair value. The Illinois Fund is considered to be a 2a7-like-pool that operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is that all amounts deposited or invested with financial institutions in excess of any insurance limit shall be collateralized and the preferred method for safekeeping is to have the securities registered in the District's name and held by a third-party custodian.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's cash totaled \$1,109,451 including petty cash of \$1,100, and bank balances totaled \$1,114,703 Of the bank balances, \$443,427 was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and \$671,276 was covered by pledged collateral, which was held in the District's name, and, therefore, there were no amounts that were uninsured or uncollateralized at June 30, 2020.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONT'D)

Custodial Credit Risk - Illinois Funds

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. It is the District's policy to minimize this risk by prequalifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the District does business.

At June 30, 2020 the District had the following:

External Investment Pool
Illinois Funds \$ 538,176

Reconciliation to the financial statements:

Primary Government

	Deposits	Illinois Funds	Total
Exhibit "A"			
Cash	\$ 571,275	\$ 538,176	\$1,109,451

Interest Rate Risk

The District's investment policy seeks to minimize interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operation, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONT'D)

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds and money market mutual funds to the top two ratings, issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investment policy does not place further limits on its investment choices. As of June 30, 2020 the District's investments in the external investment pool was rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk

More than 5% of the District's deposits are in the external investment pool.

NOTE 3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Due From	Due To			
Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities			
	Major Governmental Funds			
	Retirement			
Governmental Activities				
Major Governmental Funds				
General	\$ 135,123			

Interfund balances are the result of temporary loans and/or reimbursements for services provided.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning	T	D	Ending
COVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES.	Balances_	Increases	Decreases	Balances
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	1			
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land				\$ 141,000
Land	\$ 141,000			\$ 141,000
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	5,060,675	\$ 40,781		5,101,456
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	419,296			419,296
Collections	996,857	71,644	\$(116,917)	951,584
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	6,476,828	112,425	(116,917)	6,472,336_
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings and Improvements	1,382,216	233,333		1,615,549
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	183,513	43,236		226,749
Collections	534,785	97,539	(116,917)	515,407
Total Accumulated Depreciation	2,100,514	374,108	(116,917)	2,357,705
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net	4,376,314	(261,683)	0	4,114,631
	1,070,011	(201,000)		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$4,517,314	\$(261,683)	\$ 0	<u>\$4,255,631</u>

Depreciation expense is charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Culture and Recreation

\$ 374,108

TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE -

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 374, 108

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	_	Balance une 30,			_	Balance Tune 30,	Due Within
Description and Purpose		2019	Additions	Deletions		2020	One Year
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities							
General Fund							
Accumulated Compensated							
Absences	\$	68,023	\$22,894		\$	90,917	
Direct Borrowings							
G.O. Bonds Series 2013	1	,275,363		\$75,220	1	,200,143	\$77,542
Total Government Activities	\$1	,343,386	\$22,894	<u>\$75,220</u>	\$1	,291,060	\$77,542

Accumulated Compensated Absences

Vacan

All employees of the District can accumulate vacation and sick days. This amount represents the liability for the District for accumulated vacation and sick days as of June 30, 2020.

Direct Borrowings - G.O. Bonds Series 2013

During fiscal year 2018, the District issued \$1,680,000 of general obligation bonds, series 2013 to help pay for renovations to the District's main library facility. The bonds bear interest at 2.95% and are payable in monthly installments of \$9,321 through May 2033. The debt service for the bonds is as follows:

y ear						
Ended						
June 30,	P	rincipal]	nterest_		Total
2021	\$	77,542	\$	34,313	\$	111,855
2022		79,807		32,048		111,855
2023		82,194		29,661		111,855
2024		84,611		27,244		111,855
2025		87,220		24,635		111,855
2026-2030		476,608		82,668		559,276
2031-2034		312,161		14,035		326,196
	\$1	,200,143	_\$2	244,604	\$1	,444,747

NOTE 6. OPERATING LEASES

The District leases three copiers. Two copiers are leased for 60 months for \$300 per month through July 2025, and a third copier is leased for 60 months for \$135 per month through May 2022. The rental expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 is \$5,220.

The future minimum lease payments for the above operating leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year		
Ending	Copiers	<u>; </u>
6/30/2021	\$ 5,22	0
6/30/2022	5,22	0.0
6/30/2023	3,60	0
6/30/2024	3,60	0
6/30/2025	3,60	00
	\$ 21,24	0

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The District's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The District's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multiple-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

Benefits Provided (cont'd)

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least 8 years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with 8 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after 10 years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with 10 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	<u>IMRF</u>
Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	25
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	20
Active Plan Members	36
Total	81

Contributions

As set by statute, the District's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The District's annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2019 was 12.06%. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District contributed \$107,084 to the plan. The District also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability

The District's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2019:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Assets Valuation Method Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.35% to 14.25% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific

to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2014-2016.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific

mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year

2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

Actuarial Assumptions (cont'd)

A detailed description of the actuarial assumptions and methods can be found in the December 31, 2019 Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund annual actuarial valuation report.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2019:

			Projected F	<u>Returns/Risk</u>
	Target	Return	One Year	Ten Year
Asset Class	Allocation	12/31/2019	Arithmetic	Geometric
Equities	37.00%	29.23%	7.05%	5.75%
International Equitie	18.00%	23.76%	8.10%	6.50%
Fixed Income	28.00%	9.50%	3.70%	3.25%
Real Estate	9.00%	9.78%	6.35%	5.20%
Alternatives	7.00%			
Private Equity		N/A	11.30%	7.60%
Hedge Funds		N/A	N/A	N/A
Commodities		N/A	4.65%	3.60%
Cash Equivalents	1.00%	4%	1.85%	1.85%
Total	100.00%			

Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

Single Discount Rate (cont'd)

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 2.75%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension	Plan		
	Pension	Fiduciary	Ne	et Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liab	ility (Asset)
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$4,916,966	\$ 4,175,071	\$	741,895
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost	111,156			111,156
Interest	351,110			351,110
Difference between expected and				
actual experience	29,113			29,113
Contributions-employees		93,617		(93,617)
Contributions- employer		50,695		(50,695)
Net investment income		806,608		(806,608)
Benefit payments including refunds				
of employee contributions	(259,284)	(259,284)		-
Other (Net Transfer)		27,496		(27,496)
Net Changes	232,095	719,132		(487,037)
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$5,149,061	\$ 4,894,203	\$	<u>254,858</u>

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONT'D)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25% as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	Discount Rate	Net	Pension Liability (Asset)
1% decrease	6.25%	\$	886,438
Current discount rate	7.25%		254,858
1% increase	8.25%		(270,504)

<u>Pension Expense</u>, <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>, and <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$ 125,320. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflow of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$116,873	\$ 769
Changes of assumptions	81,828	63,012
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
	360,230	575,998
Contributions after Measurement Date	58,626	
	\$617,557	\$639,779

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year ending I	Decem	ber 31,
2020	\$	34,327

	,
2021	(29,787)
2022	67,638
2023	(94,400)
2024	0
Thereafter	0_
Total	\$ (22,222)

NOTE 8. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Information from the June 30, 2019 financial statements has been restated. In a prior year, the District's collections consisting of books and other library materials were not capitalized and depreciated on the government-wide financial statements. A beginning and ending value for the District's collections was obtained in the current fiscal year. The June 30, 2019 amount recorded is the cost of collections for fiscal years 2010 – 2019 net of accumulated depreciation. Adjustments have been made to the June 30, 2019 financial statements to reflect the change.

The restatements of the prior period numbers had the following effect on the fund balances as follows:

	AS PREVIOUSLY				6/30/2019		
	STATED ON 6/30/19		ADJUSTMENT		RESTATED		
Net Position	\$	3,245,941	\$	462,072	\$	3,708,013	

NOTE 9. OTHER NOTE DISCLOSURES

A. Social Security

Employees not qualifying under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are considered "nonparticipating employees". These employees and those qualifying under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are covered under Social Security. The District paid \$70,872, the total required contribution for the current fiscal year.

B. Risk Management - Claims and Judgments

Description

Losses are covered by commercial insurance for the District's workers' compensation, property, and general liability, and treasurer's bond insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in coverage during the fiscal year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

C. Deficit Fund Balances of Individual Funds

At June 30, 2020, the District had no funds with a deficit fund balance.

NOTE 9. OTHER NOTE DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)

D. <u>Tort Expenditures</u>

The District levies for liability insurance, a restricted levy, as follows:

Liability Insurance - Restricted Fund Balance - June 30, 2019	\$ 82,624
2018 Levy Collected in 2019	433,256
Risk Management Expenses	(361,344)
Liability Insurance - Restricted Fund Balance - June 30, 2020	\$ 154,536

E. Legal Debt Margin

The computation of legal debt margin at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

ASSESSED VALUATION - 2019 Tax Year	\$452,090,372
Debt Limit - 8.625% of Assessed Value Total Debt	38,992,795 1,200,143
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN	\$ 37,792,652

F. Contingencies

The District has received funding from state and federal grants in the current and prior years, which are subject to audits by the granting agencies. The District believes any adjustments that may arise from these audits will be insignificant to District operations.

G. Other Post Employment Benefits

The GASB has issued Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." The provisions in Statement 75 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The District currently offers two post-employment benefits to retirees. Those benefits are 1) continuation of participation in the System's health insurance plan as required by law for a period of 18 months (COBRA coverage) and 2) retiree continuation of health insurance coverage on the District's plan beyond the COBRA period. In relation to both of these benefits, the retiree pays 100% of their own premium cost. As of June 30, 2020, no retirees were covered under COBRA coverage and no retirees were currently participating in the health insurance coverage. Due to the limited number of participants in the plan, and the insignificance of the cost incurred by the District, no Other Post Employment Benefit's liability has been recorded as of June 30, 2020.

NOTE 9. OTHER NOTE DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)

H. Permanent Endowment

The District began receiving a permanent endowment from the Helen R. Kuenstler Revocable Trust. The trust provided for a gift to the organization of 20% of the balance after certain other expenses were paid. The value of the trust as of May 31, 2019 was approximately 3,900,000. The gift is to be held in perpetuity by Six Mile Regional Library District as long as its in existence. Income and net appreciation from the gift will be used for the purchase of books or any form of reading materials that are substitutes for books, including, but not limited to, electronic books. \$25,000 of the total amount was received in June 2020 and included as restricted cash as of June 30, 2020. As of June 30, 2020, no income had been generated from the endowment.

I. New Accounting Pronouncements

Effective July 1, 2019, the District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, and GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.

GASB Statement No. 83 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations ("AROs"). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in GASB Statement No. 83. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 83 had no impact on the financial statements of the District for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The objective of GASB Statement No. 88 is to improve the information that is disclosed in the notes to financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. GASB statement No. 88 defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 88 resulted in minor changes to the long-term debt disclosures for the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 9. OTHER NOTE DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)

J. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of this report, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

In May of 2020, Six Mile Regional Library District was notified it was to receive a gift in the form of a permanent endowment from the Helen R. Kuenstler Revocable Trust. The amount of the gift is \$781,291. As of June 30, 2020, the District had only received \$25,000 of the total amount. The remaining balance, \$756,291, will be received in fiscal year 2021. The endowment will begin generating investment income for the District during fiscal year 2021.

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of coronavirus (COVID-19) a pandemic. The resulting restrictions on travel and quarantines imposed have had a negative impact on the U.S. Economy and business activity globally, the full impact of which is not yet known and may result in an adverse impact on the District's assets and operating results.

SIX MILE REGIONAL LIBRARY DISTRICT MADISON COUNTY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

GENERAL AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		General Fund		Retirement Fund					
	Original Final			Original	Final				
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget	Budget	Actual			
REVENUES:				,					
Property Taxes	\$ 1,835,603	\$ 1,835,603	\$ 1,820,594	\$ 230,682	\$ 230,682	\$ 229,698			
Payments in Lieu of Taxes			119,353						
Grant Income	64,550	64,550	65,737						
Library Fees	9,000	9,000	5,537						
Photocopies	17,112	17,112	12,078						
Interest Income	10,200	10,200	10,587			4			
Miscellaneous Income	10,390	10,390	5,342						
Memorials/Donations	4,700	4,700	3,808						
Other Library Revenues	10,256	10,256	4,916						
Total Revenues	1,961,811	1,961,811	2,047,952	230,682	230,682	229,702			
EXPENDITURES:									
Salaries	\$ 1,170,977	\$ 1,170,977	\$ 1,158,430						
Contract Labor			3,968						
Retirement				\$ 231,515	\$ 231,515	\$ 194,531			
Group Insurance	206,130	206,130	203,037						
Unemployment Taxes	2,300	2,300	2,600						
Workers' Compensation	5,390	5,390	4,859						
Insurance	19,918	19,918	17,433						
Legal and Accounting	77,000	77,000	11,183						
Auditing	6,000	6,000	5,950						
Building Repair	13,870	13,870	10,675						
Custodial and Grounds Supply	300	300	311						
Dues	9,800	9,800	5,368						
Library Supplies	12,790	12,790	16,796						
Postage	4,000	4,000	3,650						
Printing	14,320	14,320	10,616						
Continuing Education/Travel	42,591	42,591	27,773						
Programming	19,000	19,000	9,274						
Rental/Service Agreements	111,415	111,415	97,006						
Telephone	12,840	12,840	11,934						

SIX MILE REGIONAL LIBRARY DISTRICT MADISON COUNTY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		General Fund		Retirement Fund					
	Original	Final		Original	Final				
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget	Budget	Actual			
EXPENDITURES (CONT'D):		-							
Utilities	\$ 30,276	\$ 30,276	\$ 26,351						
Vehicle Operation	1,061	1,061	1,148						
Vehicle Repair	800	800	2,417						
Miscellaneous	4,220	4,220	1,747						
Contingencies	3,000	3,000	6,995						
Automation	22,604	22,604	22,604						
Waste Removal	3,216	3,216	3,302						
Adult Books	43,682	43,682	36,517						
Juvenile Books	15,418	15,418	7,776						
Periodicals	8,978	8,978	9,319						
Audio Visual	19,250	19,250	9,145						
Microforms	22,300	22,300	25,881						
Technology	10,600	10,600	5,507						
Databases	42,249	42,249	51,789						
Other Library Expenditures	3,229	3,229	3,626						
Library Material Fines	1,600	1,600	1,155						
Capital Outlay	9,854	9,854							
Debt Service	111,856	111,856	111,856						
Total Expenditures	2,082,834	2,082,834	1,927,998	231,515	231,515	194,531			
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (121,024)	\$ (121,024)	119,954	\$ (833)	\$ (833)	35,171			
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			702,820			90,111			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YE.	AR		\$ 822,774			\$ 125,282			

SIX MILE REGIONAL LIBRARY DISTRICT MADISON COUNTY, ILLINOIS NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1. LEGAL COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reported in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020:

- 1. The Library Director submits a tentative budget to the Library Board of Trustees for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the General Fund and all special revenue funds.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayers comments.
- 3. Prior to October 31, the appropriation is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. Operating budgets are used as a management control device during the year.
- 5. Amendments to the appropriation ordinance that affect transfers of amounts between expense categories must be approved by the Library Board of Trustees.
- 6. Supplements to the appropriation ordinance which alter the total expenditures of a fund must also be approved by the Library Board of Trustees. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end.

No funds had actual expenditures in excess of budgeted expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

SIX MILE REGIONAL LIBRARY DISTRICT MADISON COUNTY, ILLINOIS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MULTIYEAR SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION

LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

JUNE 30, 2020

Calendar Year Ending December 31,		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total Pension Liability	-											
Service Cost	\$	111,156	\$	108,971	\$	102,273	\$	114,532	\$	109,501	\$	116,669
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		351,110		331,745		321,784		308,412		291,695		260,861
Benefit Changes												
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		29,113		91,666		92,412		(3,205)		39,992		56,578
Assumption Changes				134,351		(151,194)		(9,850)		4,821		182,816
Benefit Payments and Refunds		(259,284)		(237,095)		(234,525)		(238,394)		(201,281)		(192,773)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		232,095		429,638		130,750		171,495		244,728		424,151
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		4,916,966		4,487,328		4,356,578		4,185,083		3,940,355	1	3,516,204
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	5,149,061	\$	4,916,966	\$	4,487,328	\$	4,356,578	\$	4,185,083	\$ 3	3,940,355
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		_										,
Employer Contributions	\$	93,617	\$	112,759	\$	110,051	\$	113,412	\$	105,805	\$	117,143
Employee Contributions	Ψ	50,695	Ψ	51,268	Ψ	47,618	Ψ	46,950	Ψ	45,087	J	44,431
Pension Plan Net Investment Income		806,608		(259,581)		709,736		245,526		18,195		210,269
Benefit Payments and Refunds		(259,284)		(237,095)		(234,525)		(238,394)		(201,281)		(192,773)
Other		27,496		100,663		(99,496)		48,010		26,118		22,542
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		719,132	_	(231,986)		533,384		215,504		(6,076)		201,612
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		4,175,071		4,407,057		3,873,673		3,658,169		3,664,245		3,462,633
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	4,894,203	\$	4,175,071	\$	4,407,057	\$	3,873,673	\$	3,658,169		3,664,245
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending (a)-(b)	\$	254,858	\$	741,895	\$	80,271	\$	482,905	\$	526,914	\$	276,110
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage												
of Total Pension Liability		95.05%		84.91%		98.21%		88.92%		87.41%		92.99%
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$	1,126,547	\$	1,112,027	\$	1,058,184	\$	1,043,339	\$	1,001,936	\$	971,319
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage												
of Covered Valuation Payroll		22.62%		66.72%		7.59%		46.28%		52.59%		28.43%

SIX MILE REGIONAL LIBRARY DISTRICT MADISON COUNTY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MULTIYEAR SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND LAST 10 CALENDAR YEARS (SCHEDULE TO BE BUILT PROSPECTIVELY FROM 2014)

JUNE 30, 2020

Calendar Year Ending	Actuarially Determined	Actual	Contribution Deficiency	Covered Valuation	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered	
December 31,	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Valuation Payroll	
2019	\$ 93,616	\$ 93,617	\$ (1)	\$ 1,126,547	8.31%	
2018	112,760	112,759	1	1,112,027	10.14%	
2017	110,051	110,051	0	1,058,184	10.40%	
2016	113,411	113,412	(1)	1,043,339	10.87%	
2015	105,804	105,805	(1)	1,001,936	10.56%	
2014	106,942	117,143	(10,201)	971,319	12.06%	

SIX MILE REGIONAL LIBRARY DISTRICT MADISON COUNTY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN THE CALCULATION OF THE 2019 CONTRIBUTION RATE*

JUNE 30, 2020

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of

December 31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the

beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2019 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Aggregate Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period Non-Taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period.

Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups): 24-year

closed period.

Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10

years selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI.

SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 19 years for most employers (three employers

were financed over 29 years).

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth 3.25% Price Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.35% to 14.25% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014-2016.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was

used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with

SIX MILE REGIONAL LIBRARY DISTRICT MADISON COUNTY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN THE CALCULATION OF THE 2019 CONTRIBUTION RATE* JUNE 30, 2020

Mortality (cont'd)

adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other Information:

Notes

There were no benefit changes during the year.

^{*} Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.